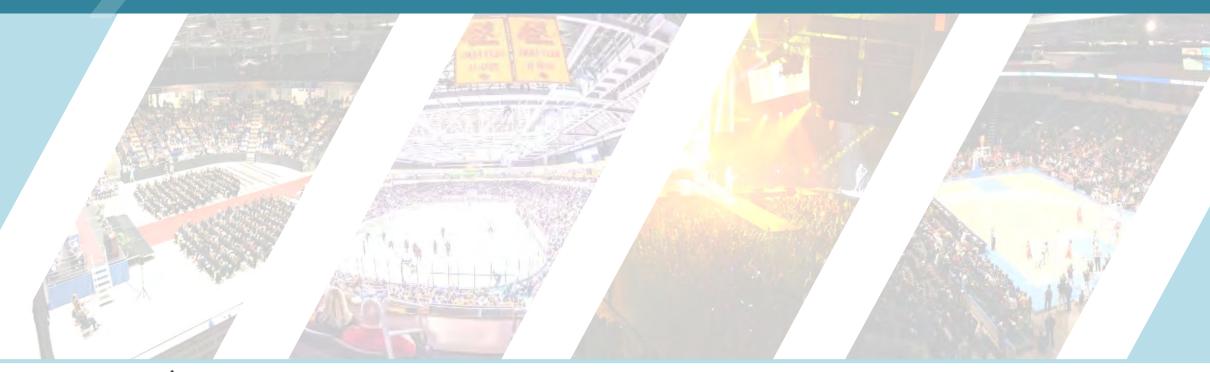
CITY OF SPRUCE GROVE

EVENT CENTRE / ARENA COMPLEX BUSINESS CASE ANALYSIS





PRESENTATION TO COUNCIL JANUARY 14, 2019









 ${\tt P E R K I N S + W I L L}$

PART A: PROJECT RECAP PART B: DETAILED ASSESSMENT OF THE FACILITY OPTIONS **PART C: COMPARING THE OPTIONS** PART D: DEFINING THE PROJECT **PART E: SITE PLANNING** PART F: FUNDING STRATEGY AND RISKS **PART G: IMPLEMENTATION**









PROJECT BACKGROUND

Business Case Analysis is an evolution beyond the work completed to date 2015

Phase 1: Market Feasibility and Financial Pre-Feasibility

2016

Phase 2: Feasibility Study

2017 Phase 3: Economic Impact Assessment

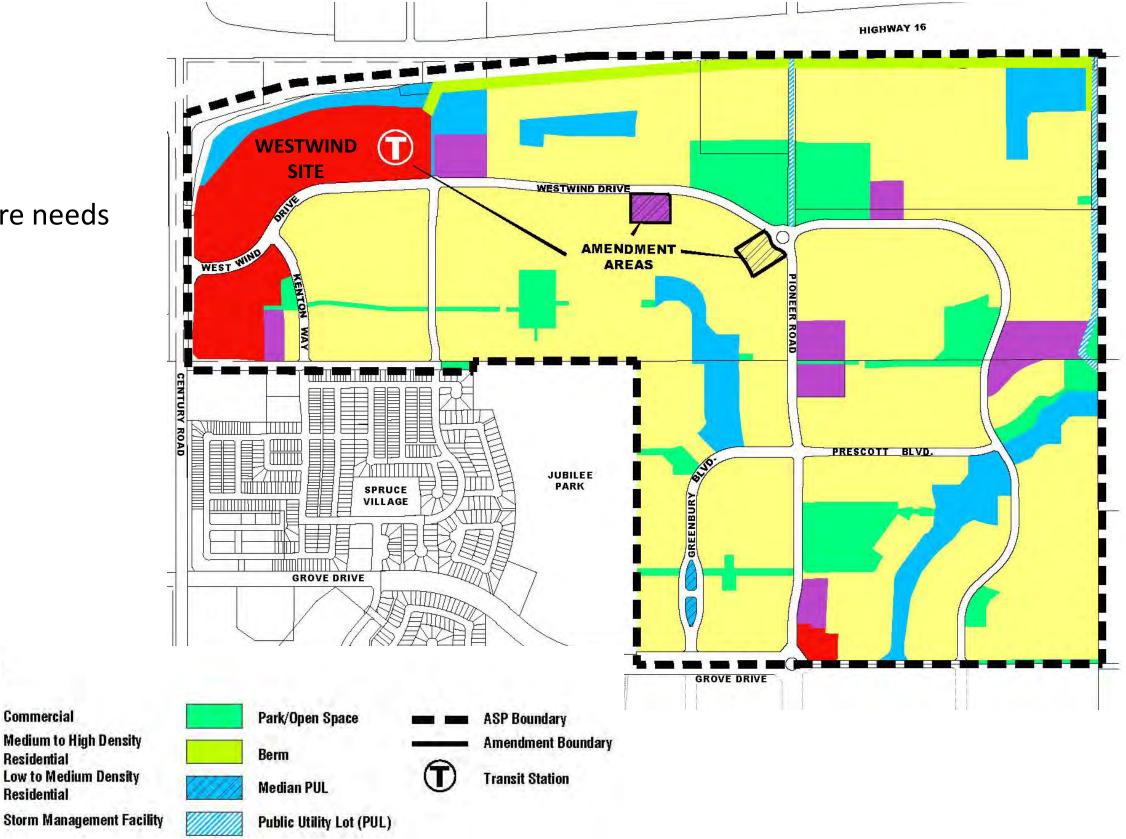
2018 – Jan. 2019 Event Centre / Arena Complex Business Case Analysis





PROJECT BACKGROUND

- Long-range planning
- **Destination gateway**
- Community infrastructure needs ${\color{black}\bullet}$
- Multiple policy goals







Storm Management Facility

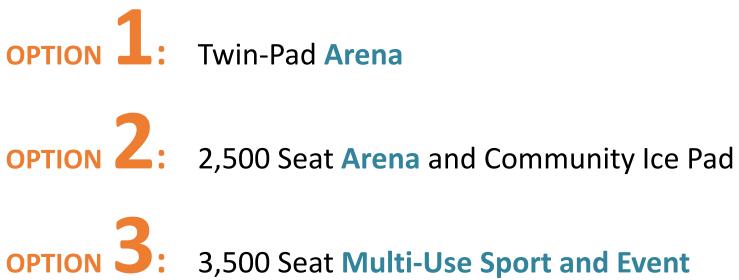


5

CURRENT ANALYSIS & REPORT

Aims and Objectives

Council directed staff to develop a Business Case Analysis that looks at 3 distinct options:



Centre and Community Ice Pad

The Business Case Analysis is intended to provide Council with the appropriate information to make an informed decision regarding an event centre / arena.

OPTION 3 (MUSEC) IS DISTINCT FROM ARENA OPTIONS 1 AND 2.





PART B: DETAILED ASSESSMENT OF THE FACILITY OPTIONS



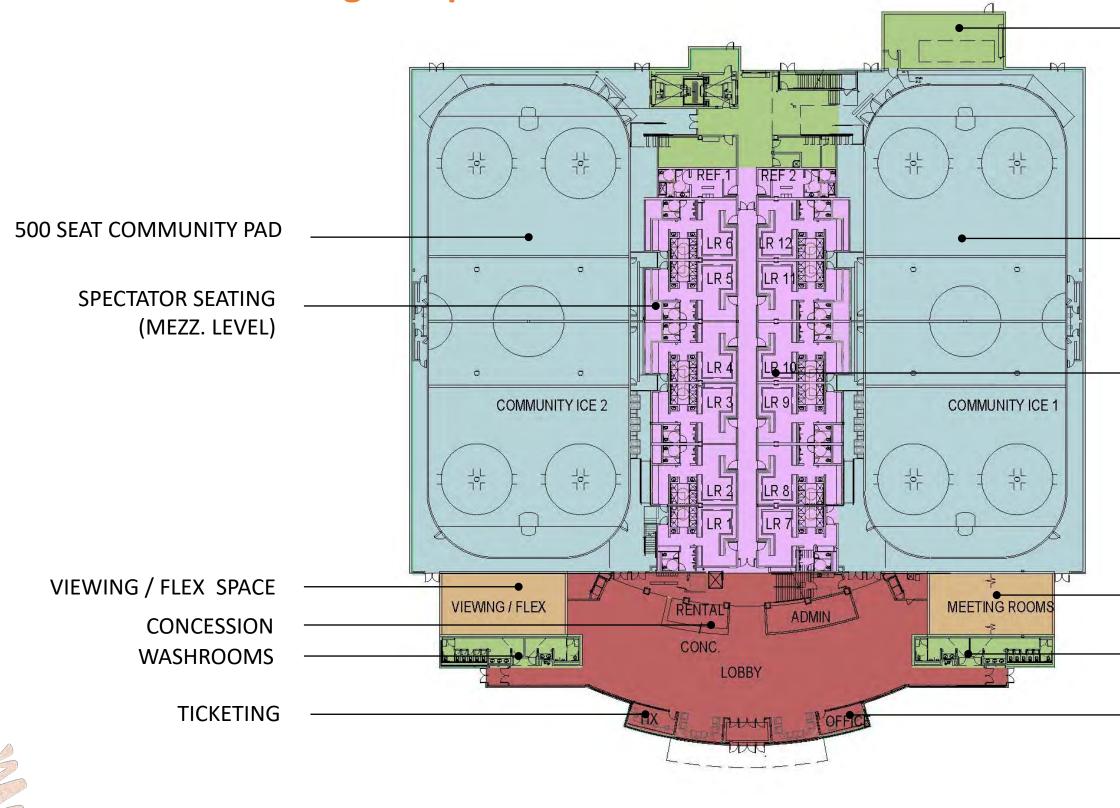




OPTION 1: Twin-Pad Community Arena

OPTION 1: Twin Pad Community Arena

Floor Plans + Building Components





BUILDING SERVICES (MECH.)

500 SEAT COMMUNITY PAD

LOCKER / REF ROOMS

MEETING ROOM

WASHROOMS

BUILDING ADMINISTRATION

9

OPTION 1: Twin Pad Community Arena

Functionality and Use/Scalability of Building

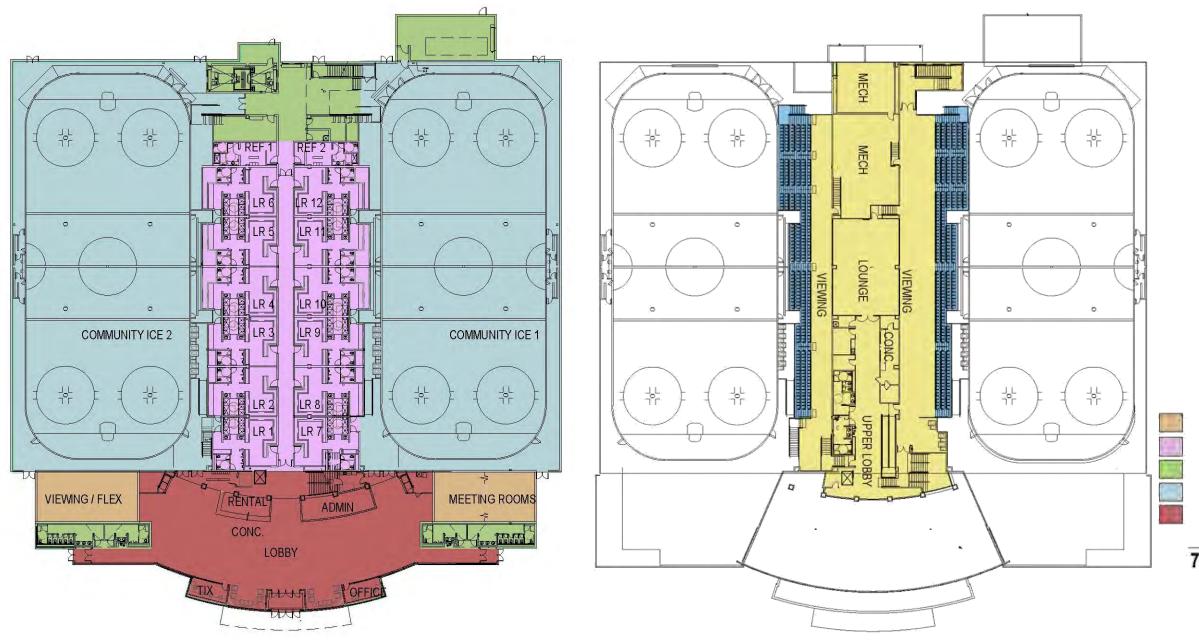
- Can represent best practice twin-pad complex in design and operating terms.
- Not multi-use.
- Can be multi-ice sport and dry floor summer use.
- Not a significant economic driver.
- Great addition to quality of life amenities.
- Not appropriate for Westwind site (not highest and best use).





OPTION 1: Twin Pad Community Arena

Floor Plan Details





95,372 SF = OVERALL OPT. 1 TOTAL 11

18,485 SF = MEZZANINE LEVEL



3.810 SF = PRECAST SEATING 14,675 SF = MEZZANINE LEVEL

76,887 SF = EVENT LEVEL

6,256 SF = SUPPORT 44,266 SF = COMMUNITY ARENAS 10,190 SF = LOBBY

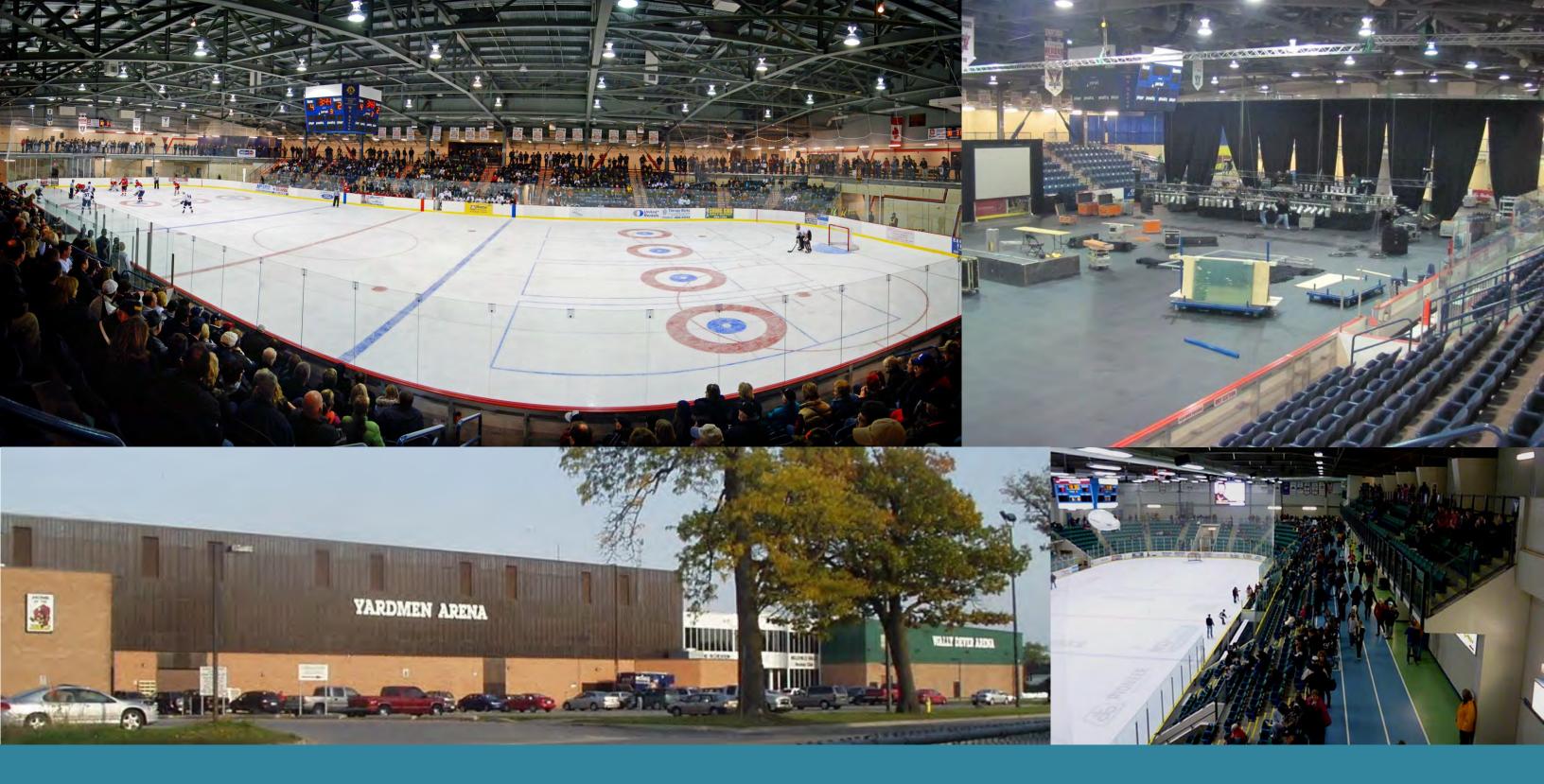
2.910 SF = FLEX 13,265 SF = LOCKER ROOMS



OPTION 1: Twin Pad Community Arena Illustrative Renderings



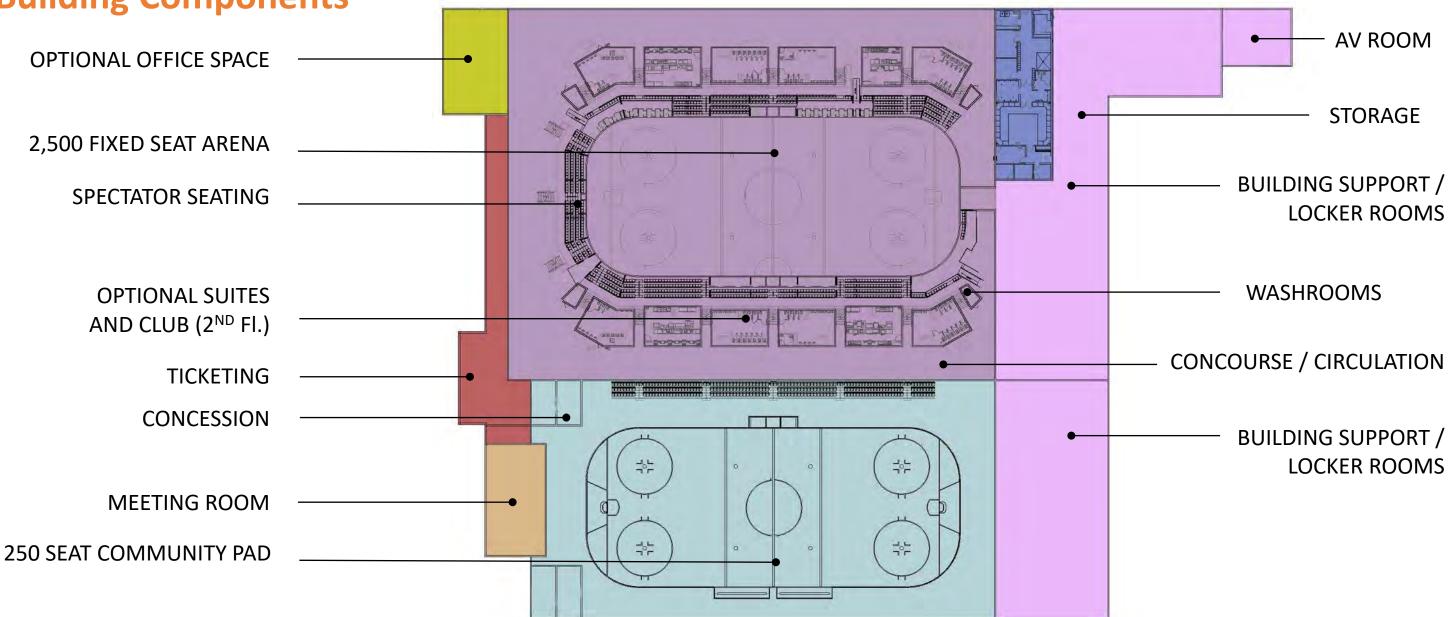




OPTION 2: 2,500 Fixed Seat Arena and Community Ice Pad

OPTION 2: 2,500 Fixed Seat Arena and Community Ice Pad

Building Components







OPTION 2: 2,500 Fixed Seat Arena and Community Ice Pad

Local Events













OPTION 2: Limits of Multi-Use

Design of Option 2 differs significantly from Option 3

- Not designed to host the variety and complexity of events that are possible within the event centre model.
- Will not compete with multi-use centres.



Option 2 Arena – Facility / Design Constraints	Resulting Limitation
Lower height (floor to bottom of truss) without extra rigging grids.	Difficult to host major concerts or ever overhead connectivity for speakers and
No lapidaries and baffles imbedded within the trusses and upper concourse walls.	Acoustically challenging for major conc events where sound is a promotional p
No retractable seating (side runways, end zones).	Limits the amount of floor space available banquets, exhibitions and tradeshows.
No catering kitchen.	Unable to host large banquets/gatheric catering services.
Limited "back of house" storage areas.	Limited space to accommodate multi– (i.e. banquet tables, conference chairs, conference flooring, etc.)
No "floor power" for concert equipment and television production.	Difficult to host major concerts or ever connectivity for speakers and lights on



ents that require nd lights.

ncert performances or priority.

lable for conferences, s.

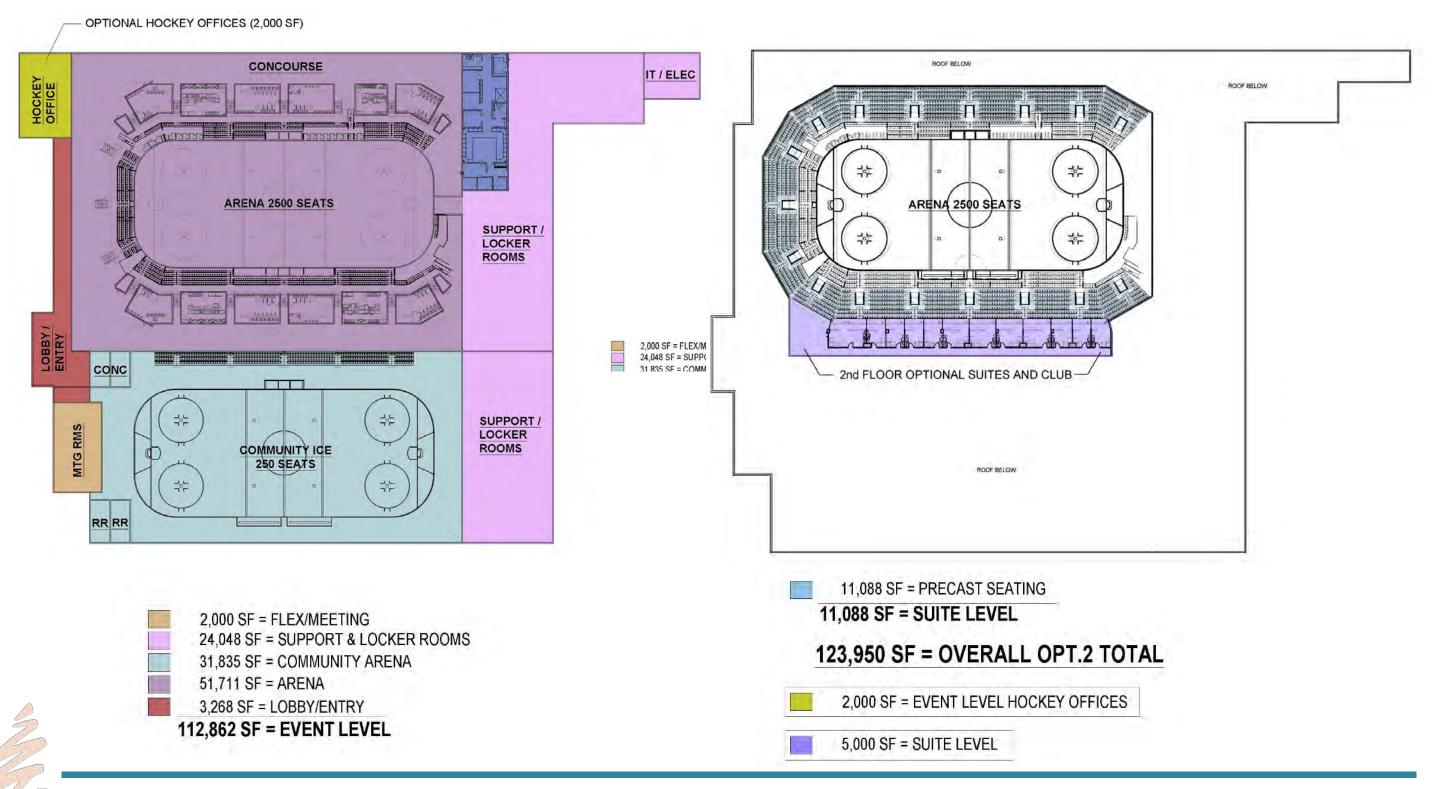
rings that require on site

–use components
nce pipe and draping, basketball

ents that require n floor.



OPTION 2: 2,500 Seat Arena Floor Plans



OPTION 2: 2,500 Seat Arena Illustrative Renderings





OPTION 2: 2,500 Seat Arena

Conclusion

- This model is a large-seating capacity arena.
- Desk research confirms large seating capacity community arenas do not effectively compete in events market compared to multi-use sport and entertainment centres.
- Capital cost differences between this and Option
 3 reflect the design of Option 2 as an arena.

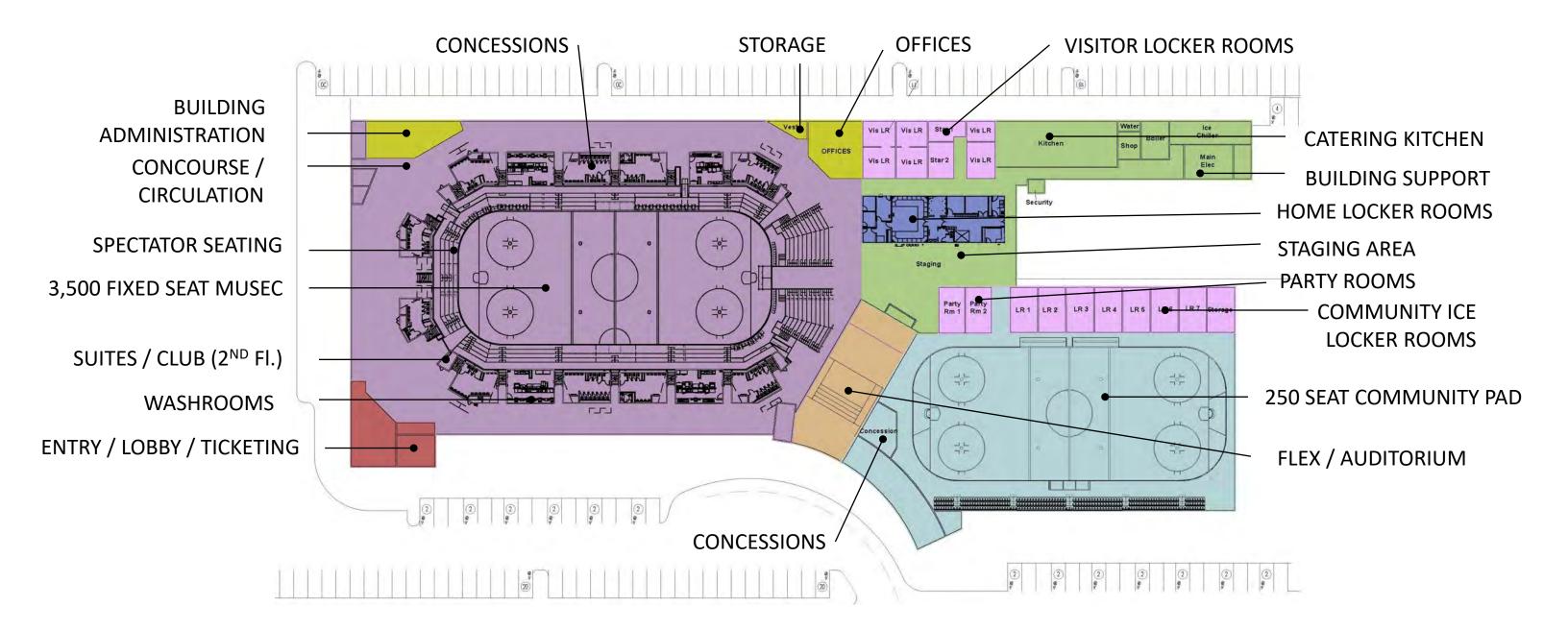






OPTION 3: 3,500 Seat Multi-Use Sport and Event Centre and Community Ice Pad

Building Components

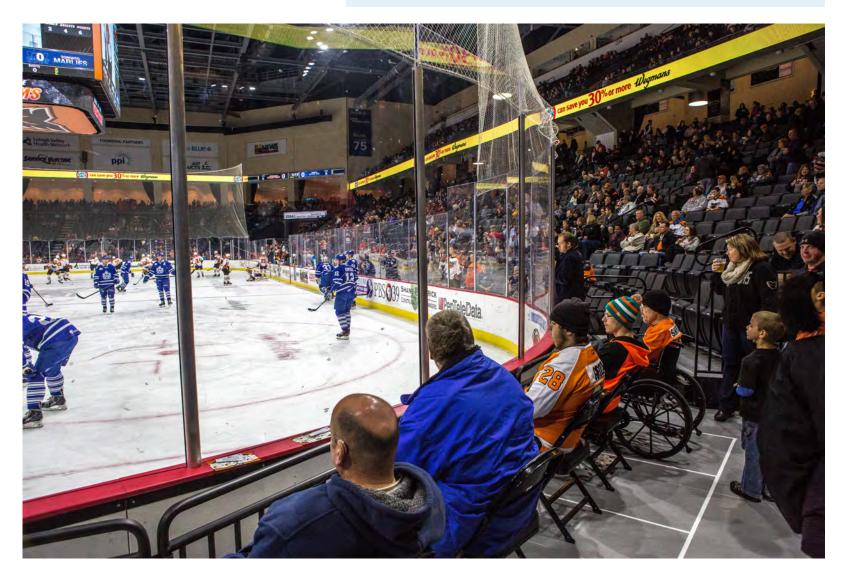






Range of Events

Sporting / Spectator Events











Range of Events

Live Performance Events





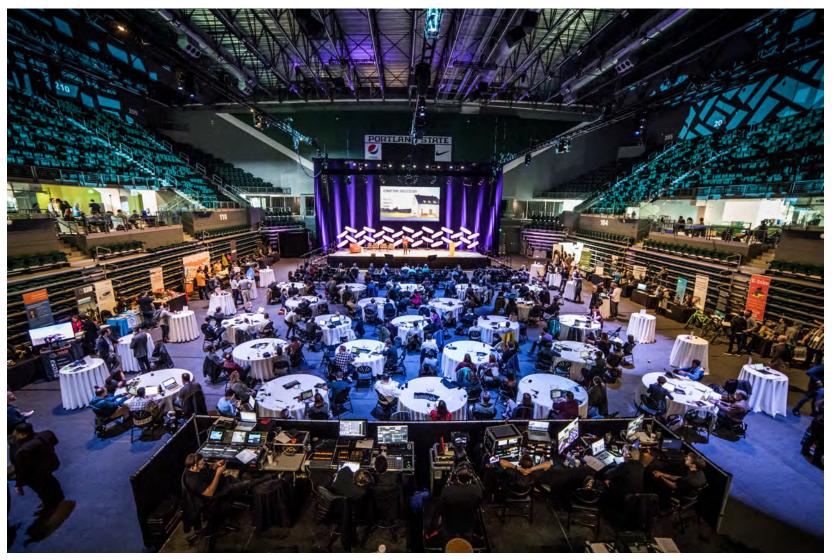






Range of Events

'Flat Floor' Events







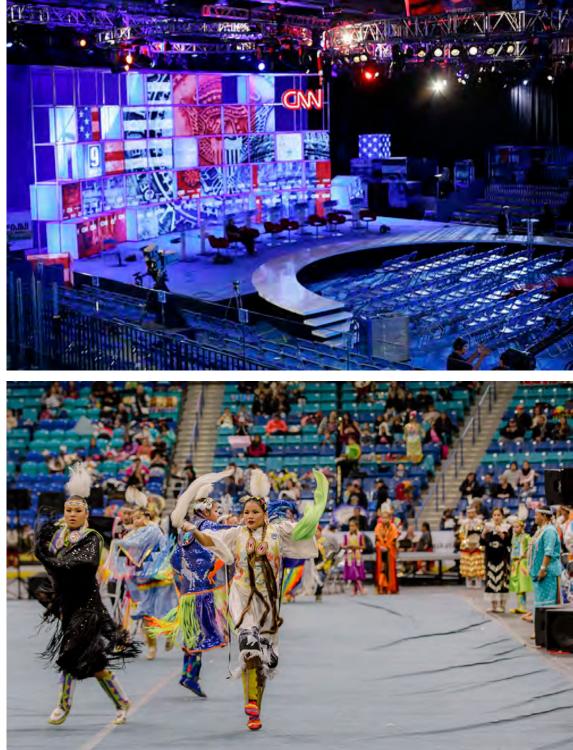


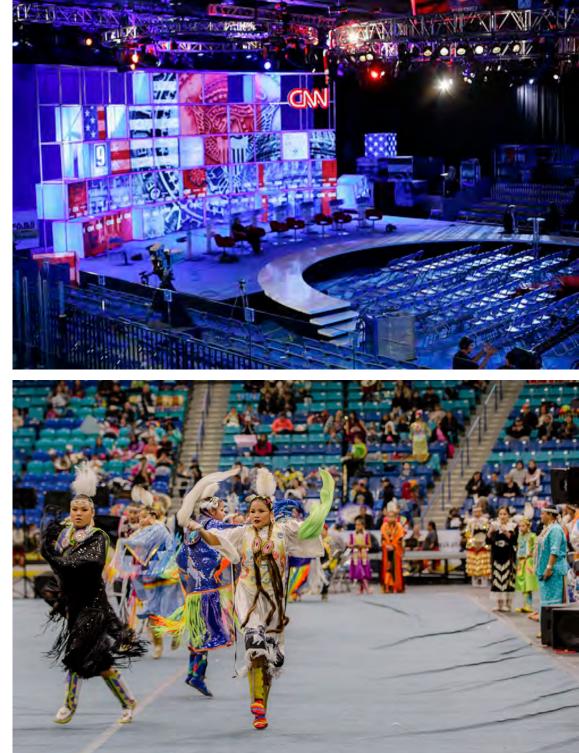


Range of Events

Public Assembly / Civic Events







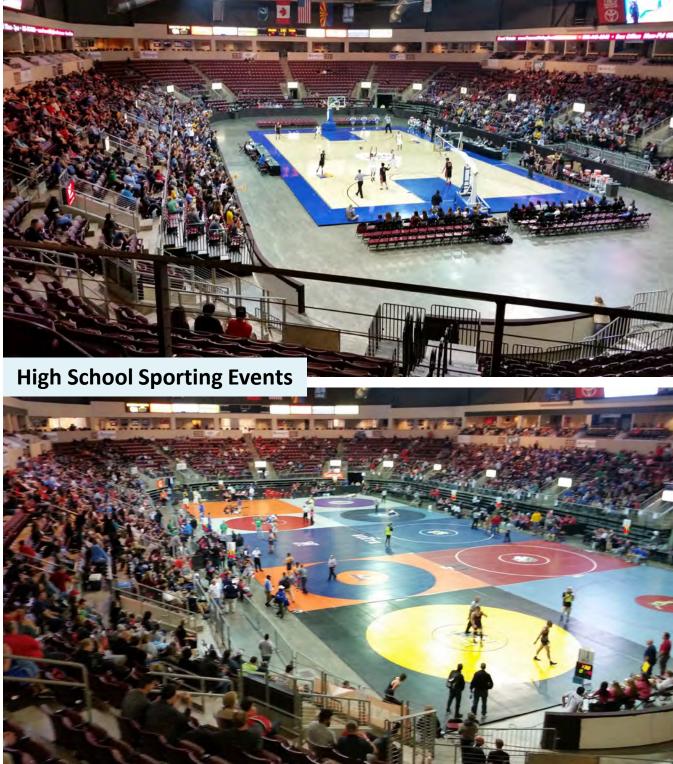




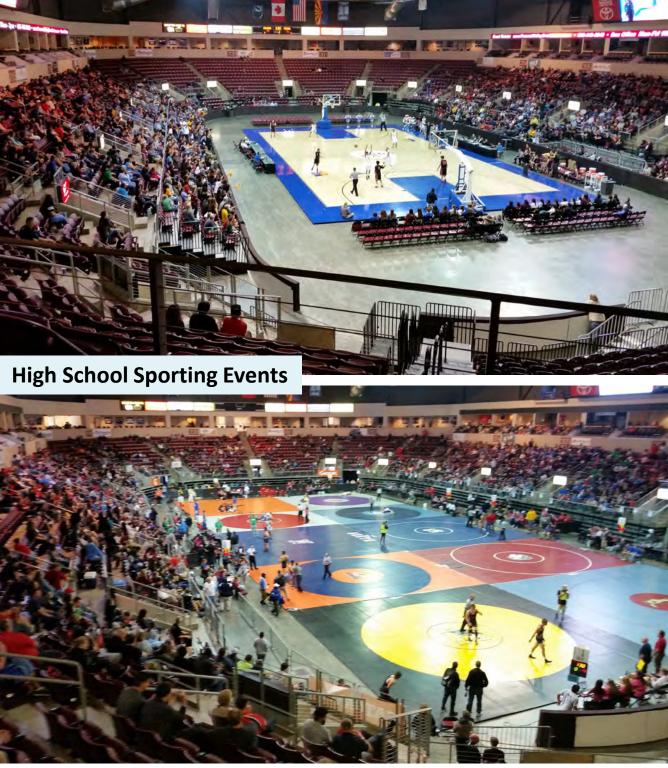
Range of Events

Community Events













Difference Between 2,500 Seat Arena and 3,500 Seat Multi-Use Sport and Event Centre

- Both can serve hockey and community ice.
- Option 3 includes auditorium.
- Non-sport event types:

Option 2:

- 'Flat floor' events.
- Local community (fairs, rodeos, small expos).
- Seasonal / ad hoc events.

Option 3:

- Full range based on seating limitations.
- Capacity of MUSECs does not exclude other, community-scaled events similar to what can occur in large seating capacity arenas – it enhances that capacity.



Scalability of a **MUSEC**



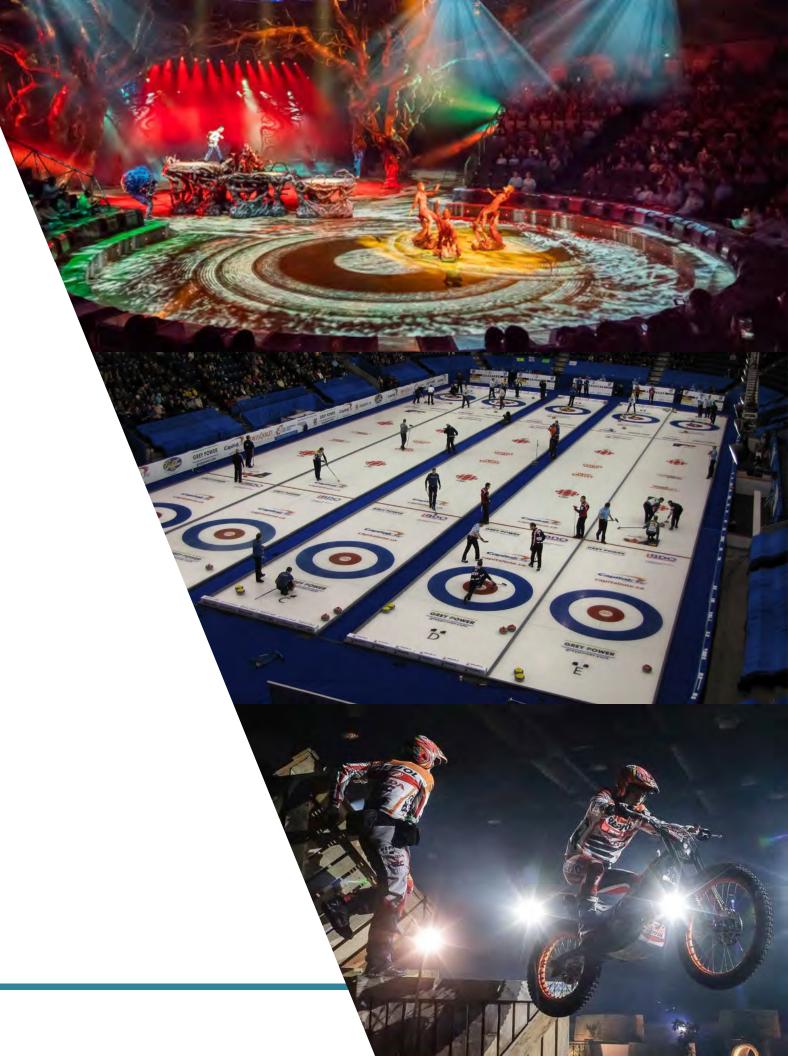


Small School Graduation: Half House

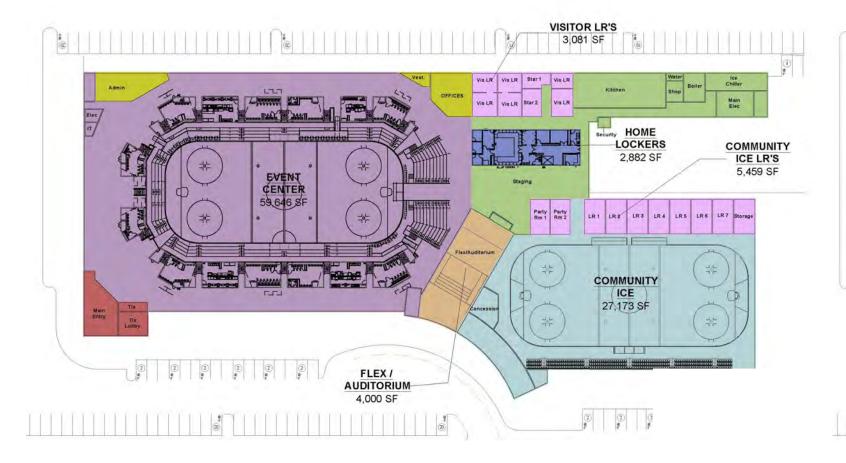
OPTION 3: 3,500 Seat Event Centre MUSEC-Specific Events

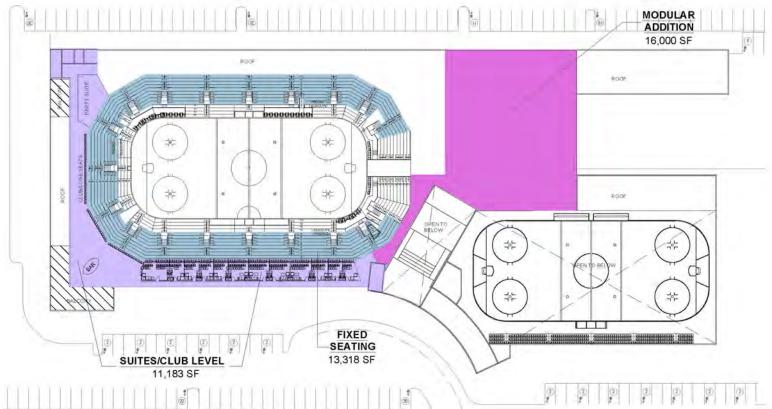
- Sporting Events / Games
- Exhibition / Showcase Games
- Tournaments / Championships / Qualifiers (Competitive or rotational)
- Music and Dance Events
- Family-Oriented Events
- Animal / Equestrian Events
- Other Live Performance Events





Floor Plans









29

16,000 SF = MODULAR ADDITION

143.356 SF = OVERALL OPT.3 TOTAL

24,799 SF = SUITE LEVEL

13.616 SF = PRECAST SEATING 11.183 SF = SUITE/CLUB

118,557 SF = EVENT LEVEL

- 2,882 SF = HOME LOCKER ROOM
- 8,540 SF = VIS/COMM LOCKER ROOMS
- 59.646 SF = ARENA 2.045 SF = LOBBY/ENTRY
- 27,173 SF = COMMUNITY ARENA
- 11,567 SF = SUPPORT
- 2,704 SF = OFFICE 4,000 SF = FLEX/MEETING



OPTION 3: 3,500 Event Centre Illustrative Renderings







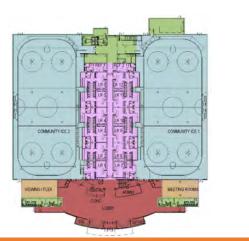
PART C: COMPARING THE OPTIONS

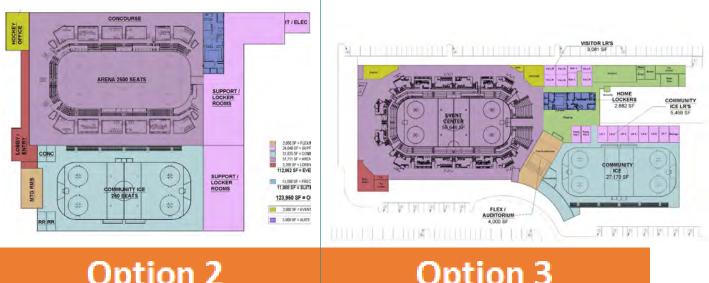




CAPITAL COSTS

Order of Magnitude Capital Costs





	Option 1		Option 2		Option 3	
	Range		Range		Range	
	Contractor A	Contractor B	Contractor A	Contractor B	Contractor A	Contractor B
Construction Costs	\$31,616,108	\$35,738,532	\$43,403,427	\$40,291,318	\$48,970,121	\$47,131,496
Design and Project Management	\$3,575,000	\$3,575,000	\$4,050,000	\$4,050,000	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000
Furniture Fixtures & Equipment	\$713,349	\$713,349	\$2,804,366	\$2,804,366	\$5,512,636	\$5,512,636
Parking	\$1,425,983	\$1,246,602	\$3,653,341	\$3,231,242	\$4,531,648	\$3,938,270
Total Project Costs	\$37,330,440	\$41,273,483	\$53,911,134	\$50,376,926	\$64,014,405	\$61,582,402
Net Land Costs	\$0	\$0	\$2,117,360	\$2,117,360	\$3,059,000	\$3,059,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$37,330,440	\$41,273,483	\$56,028,494	\$52,494,286	\$67,073,405	\$64,641,402

Note: Option 3 costs do not include costs associated with option for additional office space (estimated at \$2.9 to \$3.4 M).

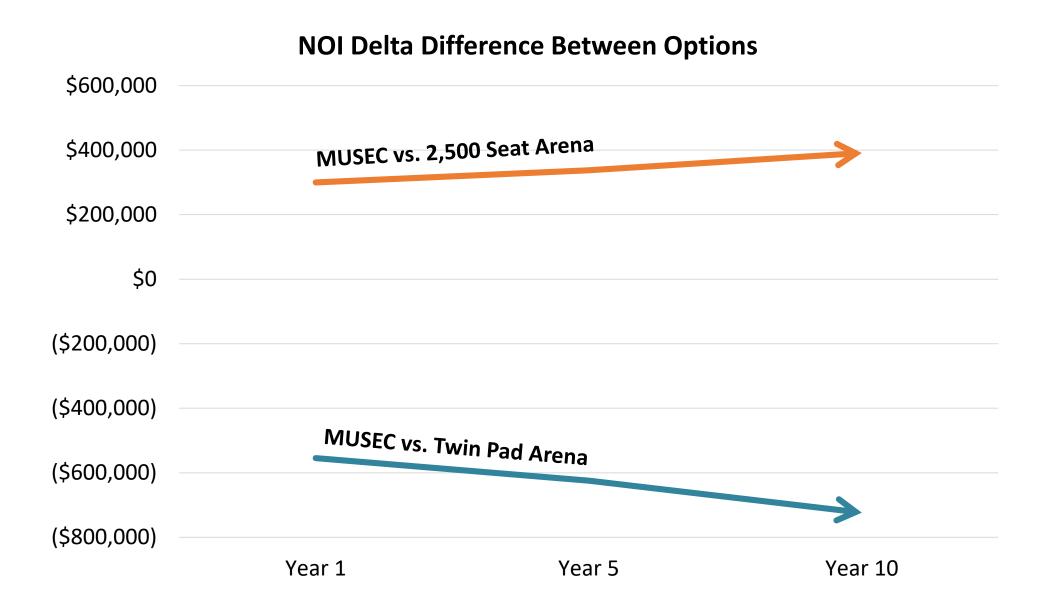


Assumes Option 1 located on Westwind site

Option 3

OPERATING PERFORMANCE

Options Compared

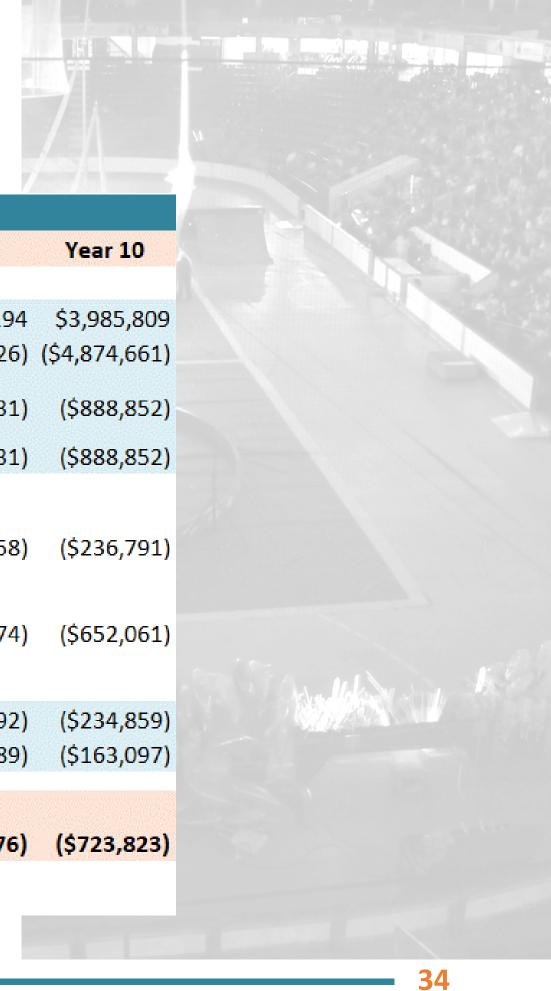






OPERATING PERFORMANCE

Event Centre Compared to Twin-Pad



Delta Difference Compared to a Community Twin Pad			
	Year 1	Year 5	Year 1
A: Option 3 - Event Centre plus Community Ice Pad			
Total Facility Revenues	\$3,054,791	\$3,438,194	\$3,985,8
Total Facility Expenses	(\$3,736,022)	(\$4,204,926)	(\$4,874,6
Net Cash Flow (revenues over expenses)	(\$681,231)	(\$766,731)	<mark>(\$888,8</mark>
Net Cash Flow before Management Fee	(\$681,231)	(\$766,731)	(\$888,8
B: Option 1 - Community Twin-Pad Arena			
Net Operating Deficit (Illustrative)	(\$181,480)	(\$204,258)	<mark>(</mark> \$236,7
Delta (A - B)			
Delta - NOI Before Management Fee	(\$499,751)	(\$562,474)	(\$652,0
Delta Including Management Fee			
1. Event Centre Plus Single Community Arena Management Fee	(\$180,000)	(\$202,592)	(\$234,8
2. Community Twin Pad (Assuming Third Party Management)	(\$125,000)	(\$140,689)	(\$163,0
Delta Including Event Centre Management Fee (Community			
Twin Pad management fee 70% of Event Centre fee)	(\$554,751)	(\$624,376)	(\$723,8

Note: Escalation at 3.00% per annum.



OPERATING PERFORMANCE

Event Centre Compared to 2,500 Seat Arena



Year 10

\$3,985,809 (\$4,874,661) (\$888,852) (\$888,852)

(\$1,279,905)

\$391,053

(\$234,859) (\$234,859)

\$391,053

ECONOMIC IMPACT

Net economic impact will be greatest for the multi-use event centre, and lowest for a community twin-pad.



Construction Impacts

Operating Impacts



Off-Site Spending Impacts



PART D: DEFINING THE PROJECT







ALIGNMENT WITH TRI-MUNICIPAL FACILITIES PLAN

- Project contemplated in Option 2 or Option 3 has many moving parts as all such projects contribute significant economic development potential do.
- This project, whether Option 2 or Option 3, has been advanced to the point of implementation.
- Community recreation plans emanating from surrounding communities are not alternatives to this project.

STRATEGIC DOCUMENTS

Tri-Region Indoor Recreation Plan (2017)

New multiplex facility to include aquatics, twin-pad arena, fieldhouse, fitness / wellness facility, walking track, and indoor adventure centre.

Ice-specific needs: Identifies the need for 1.5 additional ice pads by 2021 and 2.5 by 2026.

2009 Plan identified the potential need for a spectator ice arena (2,000 + seats).





RELEVANT OUTCOMES



ALIGNMENT WITH CITY STRATEGY

Option 3 Aligns with City Strategy More than Option 2

		Juale
•	Both serve Strategic Plan.	
•	Only Option 3 negates the need to build other venues (e.g. performing arts) because of multi-use capacity. Option 3 meets market opportunity.	Econo Strate
•	Fundamental to north-end hotel, entertainment hub.	Regio Strate

STRATEGIC DOCUMENTS	RELEVANT OU
Strategic Plan (2019)	Vision for Spru destination fo 2035.
Economic Development Strategy (2017)	Seeks to prom event destinat experience of and contribute
Regional Event Hosting Strategy	Recognizes the infrastructure ability to prov programming capabilities".
Cultural Master Plan (2016)	Identifies the arts venues w smaller 'black





UTCOMES

uce Grove to be a or hosting major events by

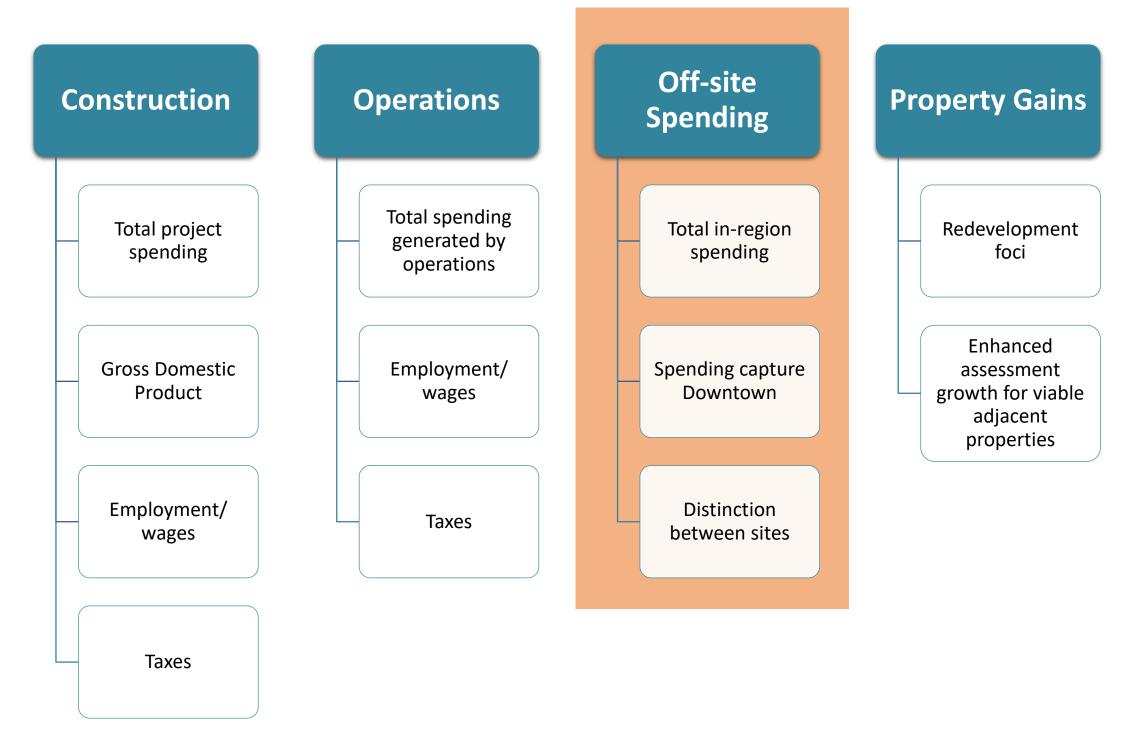
note Spruce Grove as an tion that enhances the the City's sense of place tes to economic prosperity.

at the City's existing event is dated and "lacks the vide efficient year-round and event hosting

need for two performing vithin the City, including a box' theatre and a larger eats) performance facility.

ECONOMIC IMPACT

Ideal Range of Measures





Qualitative Impacts

Reputational gains

Quality of life

Retention/ attraction

ECONOMIC IMPACT

Outcomes of Analysis: Off-Site Spending

- Impact for Option 1 is provided through an example of original work conducted by Sierra for a similarly scaled twin-pad facility (Bell Aliant Centre in Charlottetown).
 - The example likely overstates equivalent potential to some degree and represents the top end of what can be achieved in Spruce Grove.
- Impacts for Option 2 and Option 3 have been estimated by Sierra.

OPTION	TO EXF
OPTION 1: Community Twin-Pad (top end example)	\$6.7
OPTION 2: 2,500 Seat Arena (<i>estimated range</i>)	\$5.!
OPTION 3: 3,500 Seat Arena (<i>estimated range</i>)	\$13



TAL ANNUAL OFF-SITE PENDITURE (DIRECT & INDIRECT)

.7 M

.5 to \$7.1 M

3.3 to \$16.9 M





PART E: SITE PLANNING

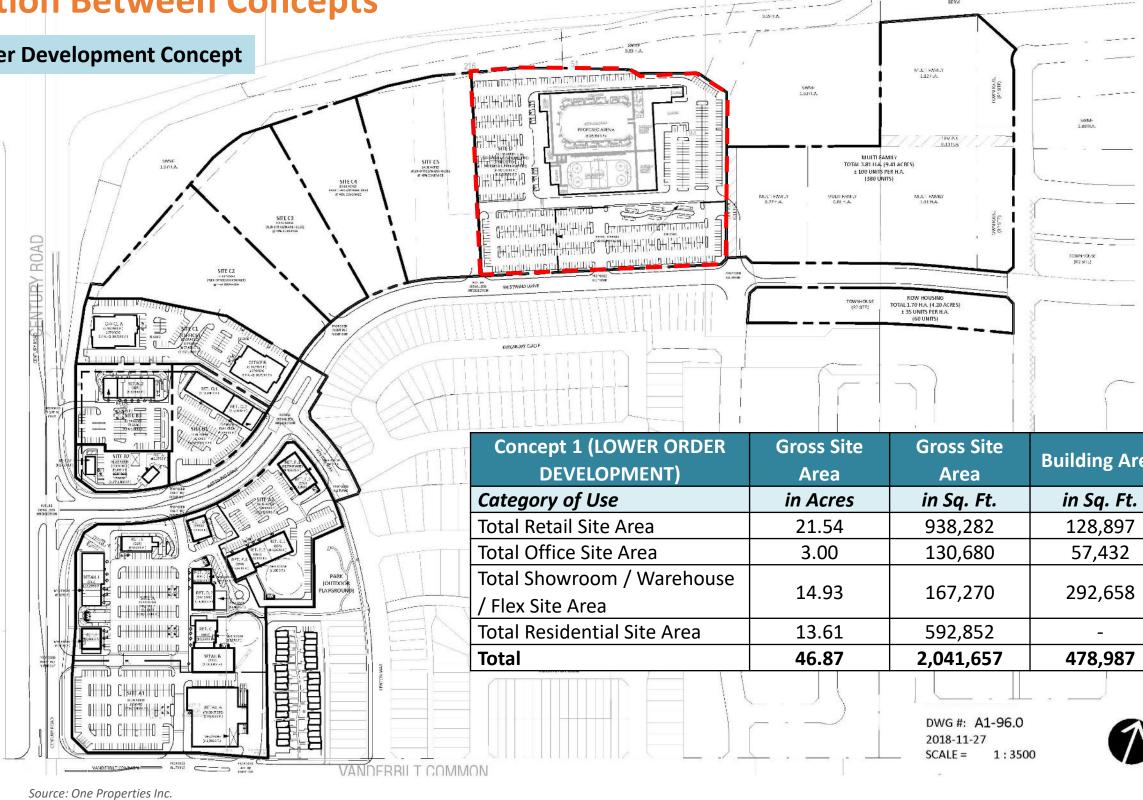




WESTWIND SITE CONCEPTS



Lower Order Development Concept



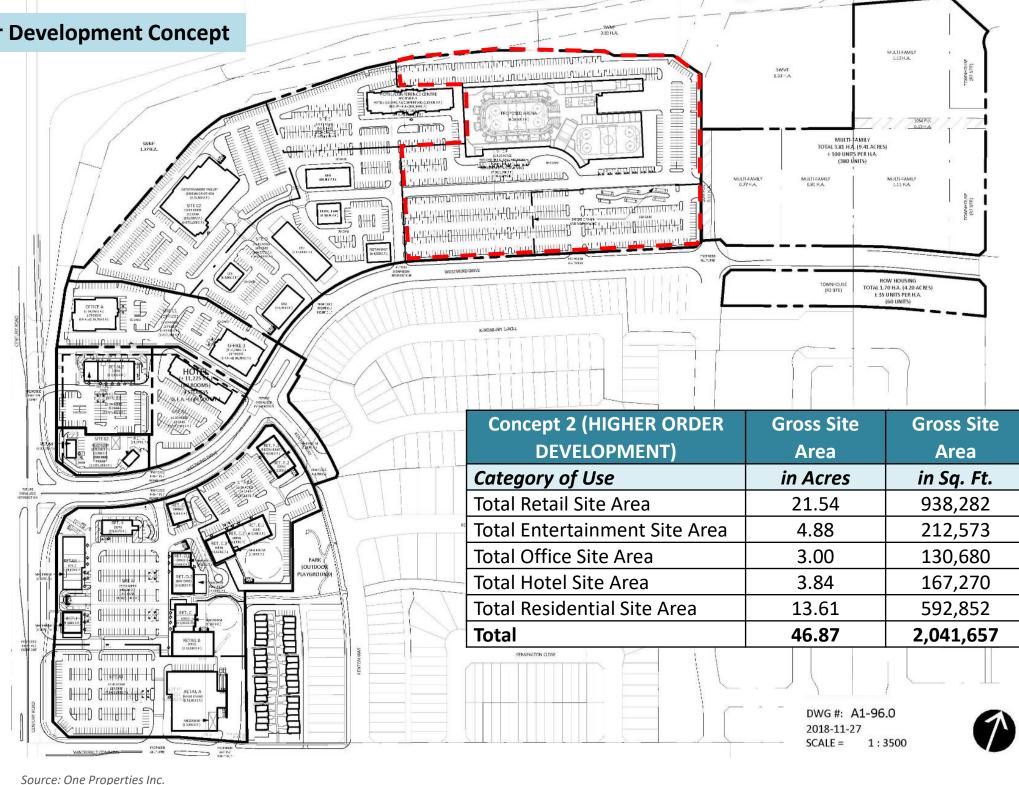


е	Building Area	Assessment Value
,	in Sq. Ft.	
	128,897	\$54,396,206
	57,432	\$17,434,714
	292,658	\$67,729,423
	-	\$49,010,000
7	478,987	\$188,570,343

WESTWIND SITE CONCEPTS

Distinction Between Concepts

Higher Order Development Concept

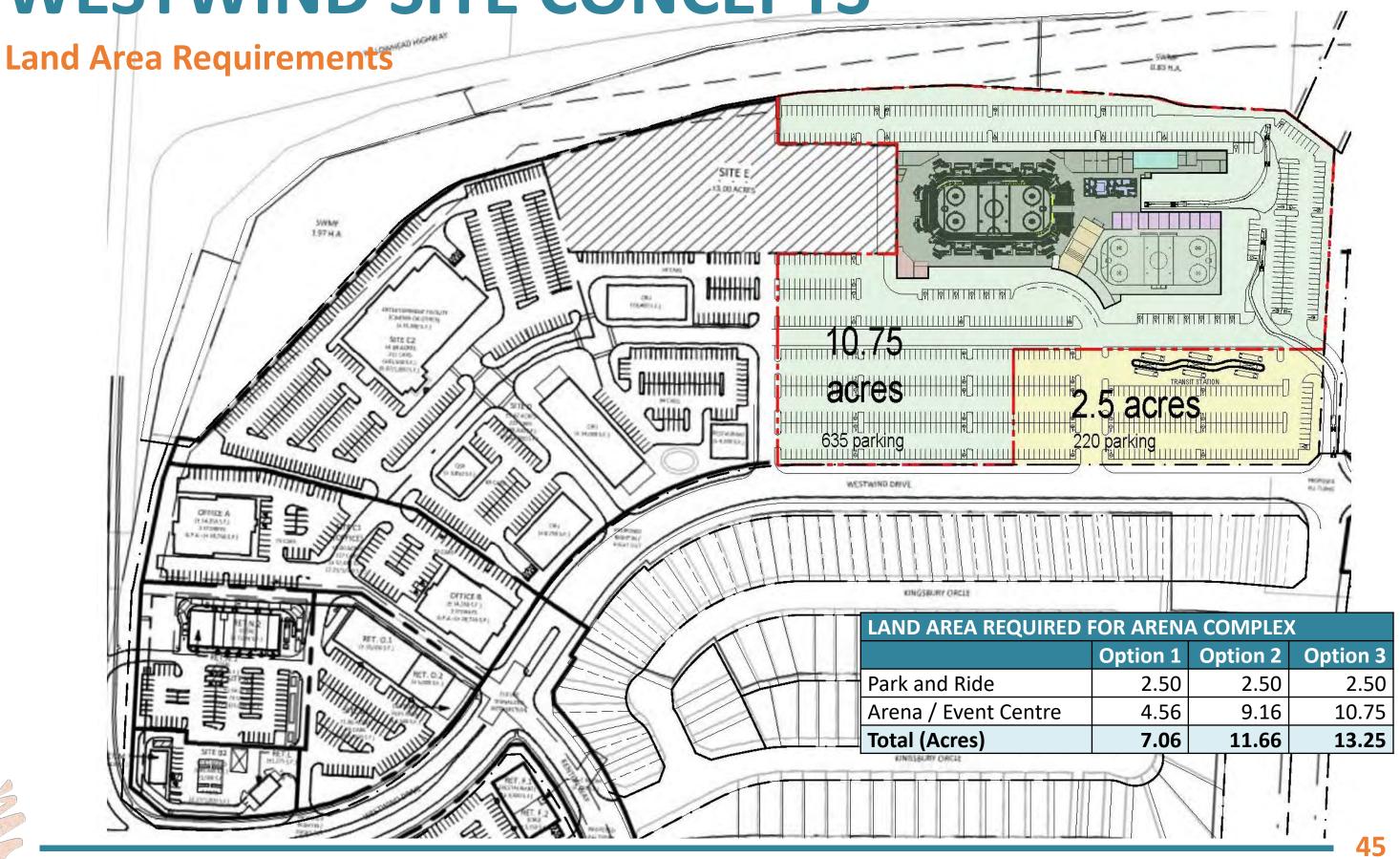




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Building Area	
in Sq. Ft.	
158,622	\$69,237,206
31,500	\$8,100,000
57,432	\$17,434,714
179,258	\$26,697,143
-	\$76,820,000
426,812	\$198,289,063
	<i>in Sq. Ft.</i> 158,622 31,500 57,432 179,258 -

WESTWIND SITE CONCEPTS





PART F: FUNDING STRATEGY AND RISKS



Funding Analysis Approach

- 1. Funding Strategy is established for each option based on a series of key inputs similar to each option:
 - MSI funding
 - Partner funding
 - Debenture funding from ACFI
 - Equivalent access to recreation levy between options
 - Equal funding period
- 2. Analysis is conservative assumptions regarding escalation of tax revenues is modest (2% p.a.).
- 3. Approach to incremental tax uplift is conservative.
- 4. Recreation levy is discounted to reflect a risk based approach.
- 5. Resulting deficit annually on capital account should not therefore be viewed as inevitable.





Funding Model for Community Twin-Pad Arena

ASSUMES ZERO CAPITAL COST ESCALATION	Community Twin- Pad Arena					
	Year 5 Build-Out	Year 10	Year 15	Year 20	Year 25	Year 30
A - Capital costs (mid-point of cost range)	(\$39,246,875)					
Includes all costs (land costs inclusive) excluding option for upper floor space						
B - Direct Capital Funding Available to Project						
	¢22 500 000					
1 - MSI Municipal Sustainability Initiative	\$23,500,000					
2 - Other Government Grants / Partnership Funding	\$9,000,000					
3 - Land Sales Market Adjustment	\$600,000					
C - Net Capital Costs	(\$6,146,875)					
D - Long-Term Debt - Annual P&I Payment						
Based on ACFA (rate at 3.392%, 30 yrs)	(\$328,122)	(\$328,122)	(\$328,122)	(\$328,122)	(\$328,122)	(\$328,122)
E - Annual Funding Sources to Address Long-Term Debt						
1 -Incremental Property Taxation at Build-Out (Includes Municipal Portion of Property Tax Only) ¹	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2 - Possible Future Off-Site Levies for Recreation ²	\$328,122	\$328,122	\$328,122	\$328,122	\$328,122	\$328,122
Sub-Total	\$328,122	\$328,122	\$328,122	\$328,122	\$328,122	\$328,122
F - Net Annual (Shortfall)/Surplus	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Funding Model for 2,500 Seat Arena and Community Pad

ASSUMES ZERO CAPITAL COST ESCALATION	2500 Seat Arena + 1 Community Pad					
	Year 5 Build-Out	Year 10	Year 15	Year 20	Year 25	Yea
A - Capital costs	(\$54,122,640)					
Includes all costs (land costs inclusive) excluding option for upper floor space						
B - Direct Capital Funding Available to Project						
1 - MSI Municipal Sustainability Initiative	\$23,500,000					
2 - Other Government Grants / Partnership Funding	\$9,000,000					
3 - Land Sales Market Adjustment	\$600,000					
C - Net Capital Costs	(\$21,022,640)					
D - Long-Term Debt - Annual P&I Payment						
Based on ACFA (rate at 3.392%, 30 yrs)	(\$1,122,194)	(\$1,122,194)	(\$1,122,194)	(\$1,122,194)	(\$1,122,194)	(\$1,1
E - Annual Funding Sources to Address Long-Term Debt						
1 -Incremental Property Taxation at Build-Out (Includes Municipal Portion of Property Tax Only) ¹	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
2 - Possible Future Off-Site Levies for Recreation ²	\$598,868	\$598,868	\$598,868	\$598,868	\$598,868	\$5
3 - Ticket Surcharge - All Events (2% increase per annum)	\$108,200	\$119,461	\$131,895	\$145 <i>,</i> 623	\$160,779	\$1
Sub-Total	\$707,067	\$718,329	\$730,763	\$744,490	\$759,647	\$7
F - Net Annual (Shortfall)/Surplus	(\$415,126)	(\$403,865)	(\$391,431)	(\$377,703)	(\$362,547)	(\$3

Funding Model for MUSEC and Community Pad

ASSUMES ZERO CAPITAL COST ESCALATION	Event Centre + 1 Community Pad Year 5 Build-Out	Year 10	Year 15	Year 20	Year 25	Year 30
A - Capital costs (mid-point of cost range)	(\$65,857,404)					
Includes all costs (land costs inclusive) excluding option for upper floor space						
B - Direct Capital Funding Available to Project						
1 - MSI Municipal Sustainability Initiative	\$23,500,000					
2 - Other Government Grants / Partnership Funding	\$9,000,000					
3 - Land Sales Market Adjustment	\$600,000					
C - Net Capital Costs	(\$32,757,404)					
D - Long-Term Debt - Annual P&I Payment						
Based on ACFA (rate at 3.392%, 30 yrs)	(\$1,748,598)	(\$1,748,598)	(\$1,748,598)	(\$1,748,598)	(\$1,748,598)	(\$1,748,59
E - Annual Funding Sources to Address Long-Term Debt						
1 -Incremental Property Taxation at Build-Out (Includes Municipal Portion of Property Tax Only) ¹	\$655,328	\$584,796	\$598 <i>,</i> 866	\$661,196	\$730,014	\$805,99
2 - Possible Future Off-Site Levies for Recreation ²	\$598,868	\$598,868	\$598,868	\$598,868	\$598,868	\$598,86
3 - Ticket Surcharge - All Events (2% increase per annum)	\$235,169	\$259 <i>,</i> 646	\$286 <mark>,</mark> 670	\$316,507	\$349,449	\$385,82
Sub-Total	\$1,489,365	\$1,443,309	\$1,484,403	\$1,576,570	\$1,678,330	\$1,790,68
F - Net Annual <mark>(Shortfall)</mark> /Surplus	(\$259,234)	(\$305,289)	(\$264,195)	(\$172,028)	(\$70,268)	\$42,08

Conclusion

- BCR captures the net difference between each option including any potential unfunded debt or risks thereto.
- The capital cost difference between Option 2 and Option 3 is about \$11 to \$12 million, but when both the capital and operating costs are considered together in present value terms, the difference is even less – about \$4.5 million.
- In terms of the benefits and costs of the project relative to the other options,
 Option 3 is by far the preferred investment in terms of value for money.

	30-Year Net Present Value (NPV at 5% discount rate)	Option 1: Twin Pad Arena	Option 2: 2,500 Fixed Seat Arena	Option 3: 3,500 Fixed Seat Multi- Use Community Sport and Event Centre
	PV Total Capital Cost	(\$41.3 Million)	(\$56.0 Million)	(\$67.1 Million)
C	PV Total Net	(\$4.1Million)	(\$26.2Million)	(\$19.4 Million)
	Operating (Excl. capital reserve)			
	PV Capital and Operating	(\$45.4 Million)	(\$82.2 Million)	(\$86.5 Million)
No. of Lot of Lo	PV Off-Site Economic Impact Benefits	\$124.2 Million	\$130.6 Million	\$311.1 Million
	Net (over 30 years)	\$78.8 Million	\$48.4 Million	\$224.6 Million



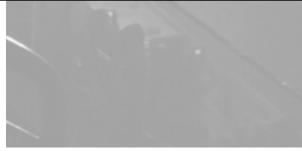
Risks Identified (All Options)

- There is little difference in risks between the options.
- Upside is greatest for Option 3.



Risk	Mitigation
Capital Costs	Cost estimates will decline (like for like) excluding Construction Price Index increases.
Construction Risk	Follow detailed design process and selection of General Contractor (or Design-Build team
Operating Risk	Real for any venture. Market demand exists – high-quality management required to ensu operational deficits maintained as projected.
Economic Impact Risk	As long as the facility is operated as recommended, and Municipal "Open for Business" p and regulatory approach is maintained – economic impact achieved.
	Competition always a risk but Spruce Grove ahead of competition assuming timely delive





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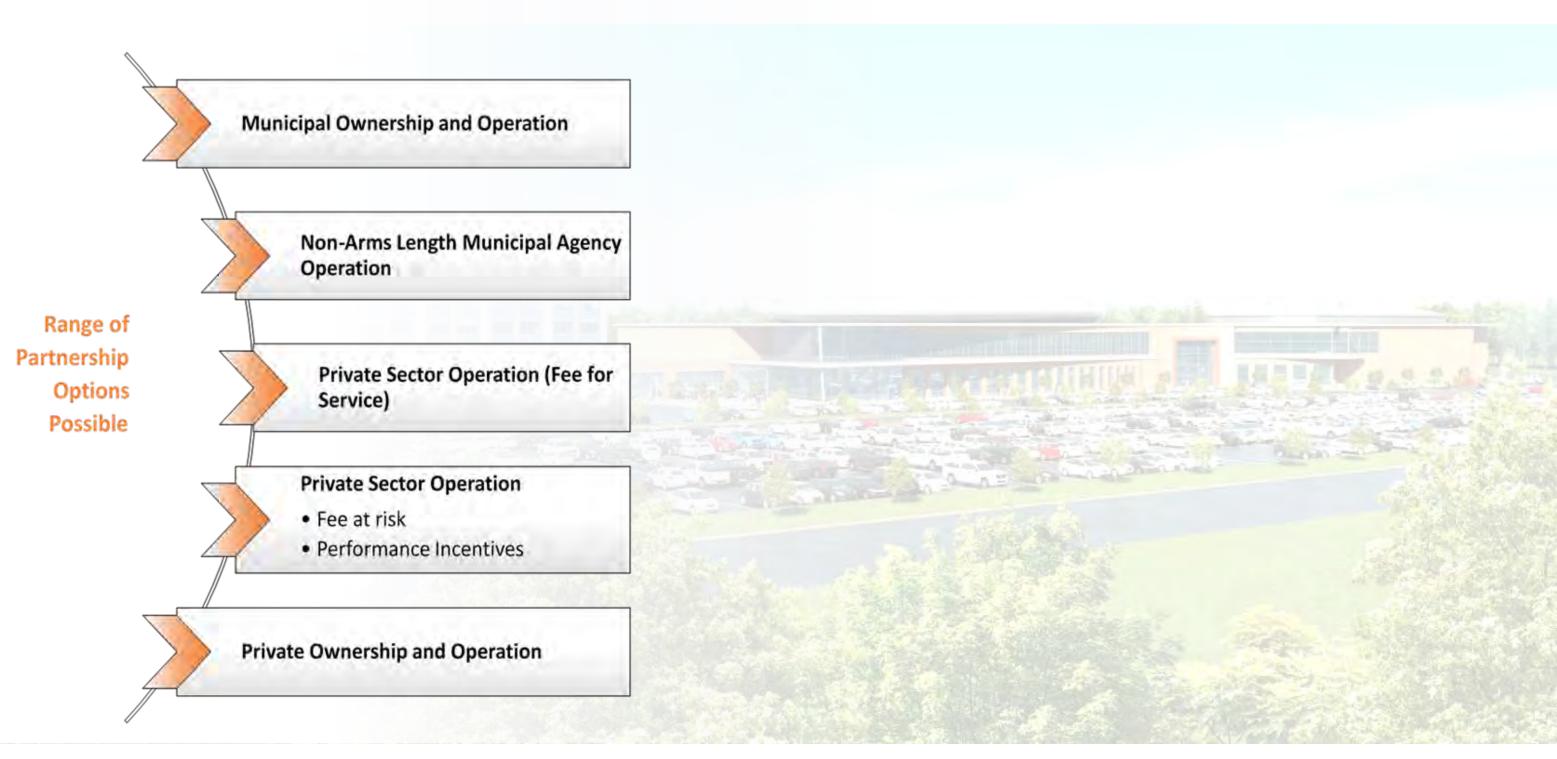


PART G: IMPLEMENTATION





RANGE OF PARTNERSHIP OPTIONS







POTENTIAL TIMELINE FOR IMPLEMENTATION







